NASA STUDENT LAUNCH PDR RESPONSE

CEDAR PARK HOME SCHOOL

C/O CAPSTONE WORKS, INC. 715 DISCOVERY BLVD., STE 101 CEDAR PARK, TX 78613

SUBMITTED: 11/4/2016

EXPLORATION OF THE USE OF MAGNETIC LEVITATION TO DAMPEN G-FORCES EXPERIENCED DURING LAUNCH

NASA SLI PDR, 2016-2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of Contents
Adult Educators
Safety Officer
Team Lead/Project Manager11
NAR SECTION
Facilities and Equipment
Tools Needed:
Required Materials:12
Technical Design
Vehicle Information15
Payload
Backup Payload
Educational/Social Engagement
Team Member Info 19
Safety Plan20
Facility Risks
Launch Site20
Project risks
Team member unavailable, on vacation or sick
Personal arguments
Parts sold out/unavailable

	Continuing test flight failure	21
	Rocket lost/extremely damaged	21
	Payload Risks	21
	Personnel Risks	21
	Rocket Recovery Failures	21
	Construction Failures	22
	Payload Failures	23
	Management failures	23
	Launching Failures	24
N	AR/TRA	25
	Range Safety	25
	RSO ruling	25
	Team Compliance	25
	Purchase, Storing, Transporting, and usage of Energetics	25
	NAR Mentors	25
	Vehicle	25
	Team Members Safety	26
	Safety Documentation	26
	Checklist of Final Assembly and Launch Procedures	28
	Final assembly	28
	Launch	28
	MSDS Information	29

Aerotech MSDS

AeroTech Division, RCS Rocket Motor Components, Inc.

Material Safety Data Sheet & Emergency Response Information

Prepared in accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (g)

Section 1. Product Identification

Model rocket motor, high power rocket motor, hobby rocket motor, composite rocket motor, rocket motor kit, rocket motor reloading kit, containing varying amounts of solid propellant with the trade names White Lightning[™], Blue Thunder[™], Black Jack[™], Black Max[™], Redline[™], Warp-9[™] or Mojave Green[™]. These products contain varying percentages of Ammonium Perchlorate, Strontium and/or Barium Nitrate dispersed in synthetic rubber with lesser amounts of proprietary ingredients such as burn rate modifiers and metal fuels. Rocket motor ejection charges contain black powder.

Section 2. Physical Characteristics

Black plastic cylinders or bags with various colored parts, little or no odor

Section 3. Physical Hazards

Rocket motors and reload kits are flammable; rocket motors may become propulsive in a fire. All propellants give off varying amounts of Hydrogen Chloride and Carbon Monoxide gas when burned, Mojave Green propellant also produces Barium Chloride.

Section 4. Health Hazards

Propellant is an irritant in the case of skin and eye contact, may be extremely hazardous in the case of ingestion, and may be toxic to kidneys, lungs and the nervous system. Symptoms include respiratory irritation, skin irritation, muscle tightness, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, muscular tremors, weakness, labored breathing, irregular heartbeat, and convulsions. Inhalation of large amounts of combustion products may produce similar but lesser symptoms as ingestion.

Section 5. Primary Routes of Entry

Skin contact, ingestion, and inhalation.

Acetone MSDS	
React-A-Pack MSDS	

INDUSTR	(248) 288 24 hr. E 1-800-4	-0000 Fax: (248) 22 MERGENCY CHEN 24-9300	B8-0022 ORIG.I REV.I	DATE: 4-0 DATE: 7/5 DATE: 12/	4-95 5/06 23/08 P	REPARED BY: (Chemical Safe
SECTION I -Ma	terial Identifica	tion and Inform	ation H: 3		F: 1	R: 0	PPEC
COMP	ONENTS		CAS #	PERCENT %	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	OTHER LIMI RECOMMEND
Epoxy Side: Bisphenol A Epoxy Re	sin (modified)	RP-00-05	proprietary	50-100	n.e.	n.e.	
Hardener Side: Epoxy curing agent contains:		RP-00-415		90-100			
Nonylphenol Aminoethyl Pip	 >30% of mixture erazine- <50% mb 	ture	25154-52-3 140-31-8		n.e. n.e.	n.e. n.e.	
below reportable leve Communication Stand	Is under OSHA's Hi bard (29 CFR 1910.	azard 1200) e TSCA Inventory.		n.a.= n	ot applicable	:/n.e.=note	stablished
SECTION II -P	hysical and Ch	emical Character	istics				
BOILING POIN	f: aç	ргак. >200°С		voc	#/US gal. :		
VAPOR DENSIT	Y: n.	e. air=	1	DENSTT		C -	
VAPOR PRESS	URE: n.	e.		DENSET	OFCONTIN		
MELTING POIN	r: n.	a.					
SPECIFIC GRA	VITY: 1.	17 wate	er = 1				
EVAPORATION	RATE: n	egligible					
WATER REACT	IVE: N	D					
SOLUBILITY IN W	IATER: si	ight					
APPEARANCE ANI	DODOR: 0	lear or opaque sealed anslucent material, o	l plastic pack with bservable in clear	two discer packs. Slig	nible areas of ht acrylic odor	light and dark a when pack is a	amber opened.
SECTION III -	Fire and Explo	sion Hazard Dat	а				
FLASH POINT	: 101°C	closed cup					
AUTOIGNIT	ION TEMPERATU	RE: not determined					
FLAMMABILI	IY LIMITS % IN	AIR: LEL: not del	termined	UEL:	not determine	ad	
EXTINGUISH	ER MEDIA: Carbo	on dioxide, dry chemi	cal powder or app	ropriate for	am		
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING	Wear a self-cont with appropriate	ained breathing appa turnout gear and ch	ratus with full fac emical resistant pe	e piece ope ersonal pro	rated in the p stactive equips	ositive pressure nent.	e demand mode
PROCEDURES:	Water or foam u	sed as an extinguishi Itact of liquid with sk	ng media may cau in must be prever	ise violent f ited. Perso	frothing which nnel in vicinity	can be violent and downwing	and may further d should be
PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	evacuated.						
PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO	evacuated.						

Cesaroni MOTORS MSDs

	SAFETY D	ATA SHE	======================================	
	3412110			
	Pro-X [®] Rocket Motor R	eload Kits	& Fuel Grains	
1.0 PRODUCT / COMP	ANY IDENTIFICATION			
Product Name:	Pro24, Pro29, Pro3	8, Pro54, Pro	75, and Pro98 Rocke	t Motor Reload Kits
Part Numbers:	Reload kits:	P24R-Y-#G-	-XX, P29R-Y-#G-XX,	P38R-Y-#G-XX,
	Dropoliant oraine:	P38R-Y-#G	XL-XX, P24R-Y-#GXL-X XL-XX, P54R-Y-#GXI	A, P29R-Y-#GAL-AA, L-XX,
	Properant grams.	Where: Y	 reload type (A = a 	djustable delay, C = C-slot
		x	 number of grains & x - propellant type 	
Product Use:	Solid fuel motor for	propelling ho	bby rockets	
Manufacturer / Supplier:	Cesaroni Technolo P.O. Box 246	gy Inc.		
	2561 Stouriville Rd Gormley, Ont.	L		
Telephone Numbers:	Canada LDH 1G	0		
Product Information 24 Hour Emergence	on: sy Telephone Number:	Tel: +1-905 Tel: +1-613	-887-2370 Fa	x: +1-905-887-2375 :C)
.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF	FICATION			
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF	GHS Pictogram:	Haz	ard Statement H2D	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning	GHS Pictogram:	Haz	and Stalement H2D	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning	FICATION GHS Pictogram:	Haz	ard Statement H2D	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements	GHS Pictogram:	Haz	rand Statement H2D	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370-P380 in c	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc se of fire: Fyaculate Area	Haz en flames/ho k/Triction.	ard Statement H2D	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370+P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. losion risk in case of fire. NOT finds fire when fire read	Haz en flames/ho k/friction.	zard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol	4 Fire or Projection Hazard
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370+P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Dia	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. NOT fight fire when fire read re in accordance with iocaliv ose of in accordance with iocaliv	Haz en flames/ho k/friction. thes explosiv egional/national ocal/redional	vard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol ves. onal regulations. (National regulation	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370-P380 In c P372 Exp P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview:	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire. Evacuate Area. losion risk in case of fire. NOT right fire when fire read pose of in accordance with i	Haz en flames/ho k/Triction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional	zard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol ves. onal regulations. I/national regulation	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do r P370+P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. NOT fight fire when fire read re in accordance with local/ pose of	Haz en flames/ho kvmction. ches explosiv egional/natio cal/regional chiorate comp black powder	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol ves. Inational regulations. Unational regulation posite propeilant, enc.	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king 18. ased in inert plastic parts. reload kills are classified
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle	FICATION GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire. Evacuate Area. losion risk in case of fire. NOT fight fire when fire reac re in accordance with iocal/r pose of in accordance with i in cylinders of ammonium per also contains a few grams of may cause serious injury, lincu d carefully and used following	Haz en flames/ho k/mction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional chiorate comp black powder black powder approved saf	ard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol res. Inational regulations. Inational regulation cosite propeilant, enc. . ProX Rocket motor used improperty. All lety procedures unde	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kills are classified with direction of competen the direction of competen
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do n P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disy Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle explosives, and r and must be handle	FICATION GHS Pictogram: Contemportation paway from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. Not high fire when fire read re in accordance with local/ pose of armonium per also contains a few grams of may cause serious injury, inclu d carefully and used following neel in accordance with all app oducts.	Haz en flames/ho k/triction. thes explosiv egional/natio cal/regional chiorate comp black powder black powder black powder ding death if approved saf licable federal	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol ves. onal regulations. Unational regulation cosite propeilant, enc . ProX Rocket motor used improperty. All fety procedures unde I, state and local laws	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king is. ased in inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen and regulations. Avoid
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do o P370+P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person inhaling exhaust pro Semeral Appearance: Cardboard tubes co (Cardboard tubes co	FICATION GHS Pictogram: Control of the set o	Haz en flames/ho k/friction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional chiorate comp black powder black powder ding death if approved sat licable federal side the plasti	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol 2015 Statement H2D 2015 Statement H2D 2015 Statement 2015 Statement H2D 2015 Statement	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king 8. ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen ; and regulations. Avoid f composite propellant
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do n P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P372 Exp P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disy Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person inhaling exhaust pro General Appearance: Cardboard tubes co (rocket fuel). The for	FICATION GHS Pictogram: Call of the set of t	Haz en flames/ho kutriction. thes explosiv egional/natic ocal/regional black powder black powder licable federal side the plasti smail quantit	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol res. onal regulations. Unational regulation cosite propeilant, enc . ProX Rocket motor used improperty. All fety procedures unde I, state and local laws c tube are cylinders o y of black powder. A	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king is. ased in inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen and regulations. Avoid of composite propellant i parts are odourless solid
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 0 P370+P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person inhaling exhaust pro General Appearance: Cardboard tubes co (rocket fuel). The fo Potential Health Effects: Eye: Not a likely route	FICATION GHS Pictogram: Construction of subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. losion risk in case of fire. NOT fight fire when fire read re in accordance with locality pose of in accordance with locality pose of in accordance with locality and carefully and used following inel in accordance with all app oducts.	Haz en flames/ho k/friction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional chiorate comp black powder ding death if black powder ding death if approved sat licable federal side the plasti small quantity irritation.	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen ; and regulations. Avoid f composite propellant I parts are odourless solid
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370-P380 in c P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disp Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person Inhaling exhaust pro Seneral Appearance: Cardboard tubes co (rocket fuel). The for Potential Health Effects: Eye: Not a likely route Skin: Not a likely route	FICATION GHS Pictogram: GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire. NOT fight fire when fire read set of fire. NOT fight fire when fire read re in accordance with the all pose of in accordance with the in cylinders of ammonium per also contains a few grams of accordance with all app oducts. Intain various plastic parts. Into reward closure also contains a of exposure. May cause eye of exposure. Low hazard for	Haz en flames/ho k/friction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional chiorate comp black powder ding death plack powder ding death plack powder approved saf licable federal side the plasti smail quantity irritation. usual industri	ard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol yes. onal regulations. Imational regulation cosite propellant, enc . ProX Rocket motor used improperly. All lety procedures unde l, state and local laws is tube are cylinders of y of black powder. All al/hobby handling.	4 Fire or Projection Hazard 4 Fire or Projection Hazard king 8. ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified spiosives are dangerous the direction of competen ; and regulations. Avoid f composite propeilant [parts are odourless solid
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Signal Word: Warning Precautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do n P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P3772 Exp P3773 DO P401 Stor P501 Disy Emergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person inhaling exhaust pro Semeral Appearance: Cardboard tubes co (rocket fuel). The for votential Health Effects: Eye: Not a likely route Skin: Not a likely route Ingestion:	FICATION GHS Pictogram: Call of the set of t	Haz en flames/ho avrinction. thes explosiv egional/natio ocal/regional black powder black powder	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol Mes. Onal regulations. Unational regulation cosite propellant, enc r. ProX Rocket motor used improperty. All fety procedures unde I, state and local laws ic tube are cylinders o y of black powder. A al/hobby handling.	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen and regulations. Avoid if composite propellant i parts are odourless solid
0 HAZARDS IDENTIF Ignal Word: Warning recautionary Statements P210 Kee P250 Do 1 P370-P380 in c P372 Exp P373 DO P401 Stor P501 Disg mergency Overview: There articles conta The forward closure as explosives, and r and must be handle experienced person Inhaling exhaust pro- inhaling exhaust pro- inhaling exhaust pro- inhaling exhaust pro- cardboard tubes co (rocket fuel). The for otential Health Effects: Eye: Not a likely route Ingestion:	FICATION GHS Pictogram: GHS Pictogram: p away from heat/sparks/op not subject to grinding/shoc ase of fire: Evacuate Area. losion risk in case of fire. NOT fight fire when fire reac re in accordance with local/r pose of in accordance with a in cylinders of armonium per also contains a few grams of may cause serious injury, inclu d carefully and used following nel in accordance with all app oducts. Intain various plastic parts. In somard closure also contains a of exposure. May cause eye of exposure. Low hazard for	Haz en flames/ho krittiction. thes explosive egional/natio ocal/regional chiorate comp black powder ding death if approved sat licable federal side the plasti smail quantity irritation. usual industri	tard Statement H2D of surfaces. No smol 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	4 Fire or Projection Hazard king is. ased in Inert plastic parts. reload kits are classified explosives are dangerous the direction of competen is and regulations. Avoid if composite propellant i parts are odourless solid

Magnets MSDS	
Black Powder MSDS	

Batteries MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET LEAD ACID BATTERY WET, FILLED WITH

ACID

(US, CN, EU Version for International Trade)

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
PRODUCT NAME: OTHER PRODUCT NAMES:	Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid Electric Storage Battery, SLI or Industrial Battery, UN2794				
MANUFACTURER: DIVISION: ADDRESS:	East Penn Manufacturing Company Deka Road Lyon Station, PA 19536 USA	y, Inc.			
EMERGENCY TELEPH	IONE NUMBERS:	US: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 CN: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Outside US: 1-703-527-3887			
NON-EMERGENCY HE	ALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION:	1-610-682-6361			
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	This product is a wet lea type lead acid battery typ	d acid storage battery. May also include gel/absorbed electrolyte se.			

PRODUCT USE:

Industrial/Commercial electrical storage batteries.

This product is considered a Hazardous Substance, Preparation or Article that is regulated under US-OSHA; CAN-WHMIS; IOSH; ISO; UK-CHIP; or EU Directives (67/548/EEC-Dangerous Substance Labelling, 98/24/EC-Chemical Agents at Work, 99/45/EC-Preparation Labelling, 2001/58/EC-MSDS Content, and 1907/2006/EC-REACH), and an MSDS/SDS is required for this product considering that when used as recommended or intended, or under ordinary conditions, it may present a health and safety exposure or other hazard.

Additional Information This product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or pressure. Please request information if considering use under extreme conditions or use beyond current product labelling.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification:		
Health	Environmental	Physical
Acute Toxicity – Not listed (NL)	Aquatic Toxicity – NL	NFPA – Flammable gas, hydrogen (during
Eye Corrosion – Corrosive*		charging)
Skin Corrosion – Corrosive*		CN - NL
Skin Sensitization – NL		EU - NL
Mutagenicity/Carcinogenicity – NL		
Reproductive/Developmental – NL		
Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated) - NL		
*as sulfuric acid		

GHS Label: Lead Acid Battery, Wet

Symbols: C (Corrosive)	
Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
Contact with internal components may cause irritation of	Keep out of reach of children. Keep containers tightly closed.
severe burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and	Avoid heat, sparks, and open flame while charging batteries.
skin.	Avoid contact with internal acid.
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: May form explosive air/ga may cause irritation or sev Prolonged inhalation or in	s mixture during charging. Contact with internal components vere burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin. gestion may result in serious damage to health. Pregnant

PAGE 1 OF 8

East Penn Manufacturing Co., Inc.

	0
Saws MSDS	2
Obeying Federal, State, and Local Laws4	3
High Power Rocket Safety Code, Effective August 20124	3
Minimum Distance from Launch4	5
FAA 101, Subpart C— Amateur Rockets4	5
§101.21 - Applicability4	5
§101.22 - Definitions	6
§101.23 - General operating limitations40	6
§101.25 - Operating limitations for Class 2-High Power Rockets and Class 3- Advanced High Power Rockets40	6
§101.27 - ATC notification for all launches4	7
§101.29 - Information requirements	8
Project Plan	0
Preliminary Budget/Costs	3
Funding Plan	3
Sustainability Plan	3

ADULT EDUCATORS

Charles Adams, B.S. Physics, Carnegie Mellon University, 1983 Sr. Team Mentor 512-343-8891 x102 512-789-5282 chuck.adams@capstoneworks.com

- NAR Member #98900 SR/AARG #583
- HPR Cert Level 1

Alexander Adams, Born to Lead Academy, Graduate 2016 Team Mentor 512-740-1095 alex.adams@capstoneworks.com

- NAR Member #101808 SR/AARG #583
- HPR Cert Level 1

SAFETY OFFICER

Ryan Raglin, 8th Grade, Home Schooled

Alex Adams, NAR Mentor Safety Oversight

TEAM LEAD/PROJECT MANAGER

Josh Thayer, 11th Grade, Home Schooled

14 students will be participating - their names, duties and responsibilities are included in the Team Member Info section.

NAR SECTION

We will be launching with and be mentored by NAR Section #585, the Austin Area Rocketry Group

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

Our main facility will be TechShop, a membership based workshop where you can use any tool or machine you want as long as you take the Safety and Basic Use (SBU) class for each one. The hours for the facility main lobby are 10AM to 8PM, Monday through Saturday, but people can access the workshop from 9AM to 12AM if they have a member's pass.

TechShop has a metal shop with welders, machines to manipulate sheet metal, painting booth, equipment for powder coating, and a CNC waterjet, it also has a wood shop with different types of saws, including a CNC shopbot, in addition, it has a machine shop, with tools for shaping metal including lathes and mills, finally, in the main area, it has laser cutters, 3D printers, power tools, and basic materials like tape and glue.

Since an adult with a membership has to accompany minors, Morinne Kearns will be one of the people who must be present. Aedan Kearns also has a TechShop membership, be he is a minor. Both Morinne and Aedan Kearns have taken the SBU's for many of the machines, so for work to be done at a reasonable pace they both have to be there. One of the mentors, Alex or Chuck Adams, would also have to be there to supervise.

TOOLS NEEDED:

- Saws (manual and electric)
- Drills and drill bits
- Spray gun
- Vices
- Tape measures
- Screwdrivers
- Pliers

- Scissors
- Solder
- Solder gun
- Electrical tape
- Sand paper
- Latex gloves safety goggles
- Breathing masks

REQUIRED MATERIALS:

- Assorted fiberglass tubes and fins
- Plastic nose cone
- Loctite Epoxy
- Acetone
- Screws, nuts, washers, bolts, etc.
- TelemetryPro® Tracking System

- (2) PerfectFlite Stratologger Altimeter
- •
- (4) SparkFun ADXL345 or similar
- Super glue
- Spray paint
- Various Grits of Sandpaper

- Redundant Batteries
- Redundant Ejection Systems
- Recovery Systems, Drogue and Main

TECHNICAL DESIGN

Our rocket is 1.63 meters long, and the mass is 6.72kg/14.82lbs. The main material we decided to use is Fiberglass because it is lighter, less brittle and more cost effective. According to Rocksim our rocket achieved an altitude of 6,000 feet. Based on our experience with Rocksim, it achieves a height of around 20 percent higher than the rocket actually flies during tests so the goal height in Rocksim is 6,000 feet.

The first parachute we designed has a 3-meter circumference, a 2.54 centimeter spill hole diameter, and 74.93 centimeter shroud lines. Our second parachute has a 6-meter circumference, and a 2.54 centimeter spill hole diameter.

The motor we chose to use is an Aerotech K560W. Its moderately high initial thrust and long burn serves the needs of our rocket well (chart below).



To reduce drag and add stability we used an ogive nose cone instead of oblong. We are using 4 fins instead of three for stability, as well as trapezoidal fins, creating a long thin rocket.

The vehicle:

- will have a polished outer surface
- reaches an altitude 5,280 feet with our specified payload
- carries redundant altimeters capable of reading our altitude while using a redundant commercially available source of powers
- contains redundant recovery circuit boards, and deployment systems are powered by a redundant commercially available source of power
- will be ready for a new launch within 2 hours of the Vehicle recovery of the previous launch
- is comprised of three sections all tethered together by Kevlar cord and elastic shock cord. Consisting of the nose cone, the middle body tube and end body tube
- is propelled by a one single stage K motor
- can remain in a launch ready status for no less than one hour and up to four hours
- will meet all other ancillary requirements of the RFP

VEHICLE INFORMATION



For our rocket propulsion selection, we choose the K560W to get us to the specified height. We ruled out about 7 other motors/engines and rocket designs either because they did not leave enough margin to get us to the target height and still be able to adapt to weather conditions, or because they did not meet all the requirements including target altitude. This motor has an unusually long burn time which allows for more impulse enabling the rocket to get to its destination more easily even if we are face harsh weather conditions such as rain, sleet, elevated wind speeds, and extreme humidity.

For our recovery system we are currently using redundant black powder charges for the drogue parachute, and additionally redundant black powder charges for the main parachute, driven by 2 separate circuit boards, batteries and systems to avoid failure of parachute deployment.



Our dimensions are 162.89cm long, and 15.87cm in diameter. According to Rocksim the rocket goes exactly 6,000 feet, but from our experience and knowledge Rocksim height estimate is about 20 percent low so according to our calculations the rocket should reach our target height, 5,280 feet. If the rocket does exceed the target height during initial testing, mass can be added to reduce the altitude of apogee.

PAYLOAD

The payload we chose focuses on a futuristic technology: using magnetic levitation for G-force damping. G-force damping is useful in that manned and unmanned space vehicles can only go at a speed which is safe for astronauts and equipment. With gforce damping technology called Magnetic Levitation, rockets in the future can reach greater speeds, allowing for inter-planetary travel faster than ever before. Magnetic levitation is a method by which an object is suspended with no support other than magnetic fields. Magnetic forces are used to counteract the effects of the G-forces and shocks. The two primary issues involved in magnetic levitation are lifting forces providing magnetic repulsion sufficient to successfully oppose gravity, and stability ensuring that the system does not spontaneously slide or flip into a position where the levitation is rendered impossible. Another way to do it is to use diamagnetism. Diamagnetism is the property of an object which causes it to create a magnetic field in opposition to an outer magnetic field, thus causing the material to be repelled by magnetism. Diamagnetic materials cause magnetic fields to curve away from the material. Specifically, an outer magnetic field changes the orbital speed of electrons around their nuclei, thus changing the magnetic dipole moment. Diamagnetism is a form of magnetism that is only exhibited by a substance in the area of an outer magnetic field. It is generally quite weak in most materials, although bismuth and superconductors exhibit a strong effect.

The idea is that magnets on an object being used as a payload will repel each other, thereby causing that object to float in midair inside the payload bay, which, we hope, will dampen sudden accelerations in that given object. The payload will be a hollow sphere with three bar magnets inside running crosswise, lengthwise, and height wise. The sphere is within another sphere with six small bar magnets, one in each direction, all pointed at the payload. The outer sphere will be attached to the inside of the payload bay with screws in four places spaced evenly around the outside of the rocket There will be two accelerometers mounted within the spheres, one in the middle of the interior sphere to measure the supposedly dampened forces and another accelerometer mounted within the outer sphere to observe the payload during flight. The spheres will be made out of plastic, and the accelerometers will come from Sparkfun.com. We will analyze the experiment by watching the video and uploading the results from the accelerometers. We will report the results of the experiment to NASA in the PLAR.

BACKUP PAYLOAD

Just in case there is some unforeseen problem with the magnetic levitation experiment, we have come up with a backup experiment. The experiment would be the impact of

high g-forces on a slime mold's growth pattern and rate. The first step of the experiment would be to send the slime mold sclerotium up in a rocket, and letting them experience high g-forces. Next would be to take the sclerotium from the rocket and grow it next to a control, both in the exact same conditions and time. The final step would be to measure growth rates and observe growth patterns to see if there are any differences between the two slime molds. The slime molds would be grown in separate petri dishes with food placed in the same locations for each. The slime molds' behavior would then be compared to see if there is any difference between the two. Comparing the growth rate would be as simple as using a ruler to measure the distance traveled over a certain time interval, like one day. The slime mold used will be *Physarum polycephalum*, a slime mold that likes wet, cool, and shady areas.

One of the reasons to test the effects of a rocket launch on slime mold is possible infection of extraterrestrial objects. If a rocket launch stops growth then there will be less to worry about, but if it doesn't affect or if it even speeds up growth then that would be something to be much more concerned about. The slime mold could hitch a ride to Mars in a manned capsule, and if it does, it is important to know how to prevent it from infecting Mars and ruining many possible experiments having to do with life on Mars.

Slime molds can also solve complex problems like the shortest path problem, transportation problems, and even the Euclidean Steiner tree problem. Problems that computers have trouble solving, because of the sheer amount of information that has to be processed. Because of this, slime molds could be used to compute resource allocation on the ISS and on spacecraft, or in satellites to find the most efficient communication network. If the launch of the slime mold changed its properties, then these biocomputers wouldn't work as intended.

If the large amount of acceleration somehow changed the slime mold's behavior, it could also shed some light on the inner workings of this organism, and perhaps enable researchers to create a complete computer model of slime mold's logic systems, which would enable scientists to create computers that could solve complex problems, or even, in the distant future, emulate the human brain.

EDUCATIONAL/SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT

As far as community outreach is concerned, we have been able to identify several organizations that present an excellent opportunity for bringing our mission and its excitement to the public.

Initially, we intend to reach out to local middle and high schools through workshops and presentations, hopefully garnering an audience of 800+ individuals with ages ranging from 11-16 between the middle and high schools.

Also, several of our team members have connections in the local Boy and Cub Scout divisions, providing easy access to presentation opportunities to a wide age range of young men. These presentations will include pneumatic rockets and other such simple aerospace demonstrations: this will prevent any kind of malfunction from posing a serious threat to the viewers while simultaneously driving interest for the aerospace sciences. This could also provide as much as 300 audience members to help us spread the word.

Other venues to be explored are the area churches and homeschool groups; as homeschool students comprise the majority of the team, it may be greatly beneficial to reach out to the local co-ops and groups to establish a stronger connection and to bring in a younger generation of potential rocketeers for the years to come. As far as the churches are concerned, they may be made use of in a similar fashion: both to reach out to younger students and to help create a group of adults helpful to the project.

These endeavors will most likely be established by a team mentor (only due to a matter of seniority) and carried out by our team. We intend to present model rockets from various TARC missions and prototypes/scale models of our SLI rocket. Tri-folds will also assist us in teaching about the payload experiment, while mock set-ups will provide an active demonstration of our experiment, the methods we intend to approach it with, and of course, our hypothesis.

TEAM MEMBER INFO

List of all team members:

- **Joshua** 11th grade team leader, vehicle lead, technical design lead, educational engagement member, sustainability member.
- Elijah 9th grade Planning lead.
- Wilkes 8th grade Payload lead, planning member, sustainability lead, website member, backup safety officer.
- **Ryan** 8th grade Safety Officer, educational engagement member, sustainability member,
- Luke 12th grade, Rocket build lead.
- **Noah** 8th grade payload member, educational engagement lead.
- Aedan 10th grade facilities, equipment lead, and payload member.
- Ashley 10th grade writing lead.
- Luke 12th grade Rocket build member
- **Chris** 11th grade website lead.
- **Timothy** 8th grade rocket design co-lead.
- Esther 12th grade sponsorship lead.
- Julia 12th grade sponsorship co-lead.
- **Joe** 6th grade building member.

SAFETY PLAN

These risks could prevent our project from succeeding.

FACILITY RISKS

Workshop Unavailable

- If Machines in TechShop are all booked
- Tools and facility available at both Adams and Irey households
- Both can be used as backup. TechShop would be #1 choice

LAUNCH SITE

- Hutto could be only available site
- Weather dependent

PROJECT RISKS

TEAM MEMBER UNAVAILABLE, ON VACATION OR SICK

• No tasks are assigned to a single member so whenever someone is busy, things can still be done

PERSONAL ARGUMENTS

- If the students can't reach a solution their current progress in the project will be protected and, if necessary, the students will be separated
- Mentors will aid conflict resolution

PARTS SOLD OUT/UNAVAILABLE

- Purchasing will be done as soon as possible and we will check with multiple sellers
- We will buy all parts and supplies from trusted and experienced companies

CONTINUING TEST FLIGHT FAILURE

- Rocket design and performance prediction evaluation will be conducted before each flight
- Weather will be considered to increase the probability of a successful flight

ROCKET LOST/EXTREMELY DAMAGED

- Extra time will be put into the schedule to allow for vehicle replacement
- The rocket, while in the air, will be tracked using GPS positioning,

PAYLOAD RISKS

• The only thing that could go wrong with the payload we selected- using magnets to lower the G-forces effect on astronauts in a rocket - is if someone with a pacemaker, insulin pump, or something else effectible by magnets was nearby.

PERSONNEL RISKS

- Injury
- PPE (personal protection equipment) is required during all construction tasks and during prepping the rocket for flight
- Adult supervision at all times
- No electronics allowed while working, unless needed for the task

ROCKET RECOVERY FAILURES

Possible part failures	Chance of occurrence/amount of damage done	Failures effect	How to prevent this
Parachute tears apart	Low/medium	Rocket falls at high speed and breaks on impact with the ground	Check if the parachute is damaged pre-launch and tape over sharp edges in the rocket near the parachute
Rocket sections	Low/medium	Rocket falls at high speed and breaks on	Make sure the parts fit together smoothly, use the correct amount of

don't separate		impact with the ground	black powder, use redundant charges.
Shock cord melt or combust	Low/medium	Rocket falls at high speed and breaks on impact with the ground	Wrap heat resistant material around nylon cords, develop a consistent procedure for packing
Parachute melt or combust	Low-Medium/medium	Rocket falls at high speed and breaks on impact with the ground	Heat resistant blanket, develop a consistent procedure for packing
Parachute tangles	Low/medium	Rocket falls at high speed and breaks on impact with the ground	Check lines before launch, develop a consistent procedure for packing

CONSTRUCTION FAILURES

•

Fin failure	Low/low-medium	Rocket becomes unstable and crashes	Do static tests on the fins, mount them through the body tube
Body tube bent	Low/low-medium	Rocket becomes unstable and crashes	Do static tests on the body tube, put square joints at the couplers
Damage from landing	Medium/low	Broken fins, body tube ends, or nose cone	Drop test the body tube, overbuild it, confirm that the parachute deploys
Motor mount failure	Low/high	The motor shoots through the body tube	Check motor and mount before use,

	destroying the rocket	static test the motor mount
--	-----------------------	-----------------------------

PAYLOAD FAILURES

Payload mounted wrong	Low/low- medium	Payload destroyed, rocket made unstable	Develop a consistent procedure for packing payload
Magnets attached wrong	Low- Medium/low	Payload inside and outside bounce around/stick together strangely	Carefully place each magnet in its correct position, double check every one of them
Batteries not charged/incorrectly installed	Low- Medium/low	G-forces levels sensors failure, rocket tracking failure	Develop a consistent procedure for packing batteries, always charge them fully and inspect them prior to launch
Magnetically floating inside pod breaks		Payload tests being done fail	Make sure that the inside and outside pods are set correctly, develop a consistent procedure for packing them

MANAGEMENT FAILURES

Too much time and	Low/high	too many team	Keep team large enough
effort is required for		members quit to	and split the work evenly
the project		continue the project	so no one is overworked
Parts arrive late	Medium/low- medium	Rocket cannot be constructed until later on and we get	Order parts as early as possible and be ready to use the parts as soon as they arrive

to conduct less test flights

Environmental Failures

Rocket cannot be Found after landing	Low/low- medium	Wild animals could attempt to eat part of the rocket, harming themselves	Use GPS location in the rocket and look closely for any parts that may have come off
Rocket lands in tree	Medium/low	Difficult to retrieve, members are hurt attempting to recover the rocket	Make sure area near launch site has few trees
Parachute tears on something during landing	Low/medium	Have to replace or repair the parachute	Make sure area is open so this is less likely to happen, buy a stronger parachute that won't tear much
Motor and fins malfunction and the rocket shoots into a group of trees	Minimal- low/medium- high	Could cause a small fire and destroy the rocket	Make sure that all the fins and the motor are correctly set

LAUNCHING FAILURES

Rocket is too highly powered	Medium/low	Rocket flies higher than what our goal is	Select a motor that will better fit our rockets goal height
Rocket is to underpowered	Medium/low	Rocket flies lower than what our goal	Select a motor that will better fit our rockets goal height

NAR/TRA

RANGE SAFETY

A range safety inspection will be performed on each rocket before it's flown, our team will abide by the ruling of the range safety inspection.

RSO RULING

The range Safety Officer has the last say on all rocket issues and has the right to stop the launch of any safety reason.

TEAM COMPLIANCE

If our team does not comply with the safety requirements they will not be allowed to fly.

PURCHASE, STORING, TRANSPORTING, AND USAGE OF ENERGETICS

Only one of our mentors: Alex Adams, Chuck Adams, or James Duffy are permitted to purchase or handle the energetics (motors, igniters, and ejection charges)

NAR MENTORS

Our Mentors, Chuck Adams and Alex Adams:

- are NAR Members HPR and certified level 1 almost level 2
- teach the team, keep us on track, and attend all our meetings
- will be at the launches and help the safety officer check that everything is ready and safe for launch

VEHICLE

The Rocket will:

- Be constructed only with reliable materials made by trusted manufacturers
- Be constructed with supervision by at least one of our mentors
- Only methods for recovery that are known to work well will be used during retrieval of the rocket
- Be propelled by motors within the NAR HPR level 2 power limits and restrictions stated by the SL program
- Will only be flown with permission from the FAA and will follow all instructions we receive from them
- Strict adherence to NAR and NFPA safety codes for model rockets and high power rockets will be followed at all launches

TEAM MEMBERS SAFETY

- Mentors and more experienced team members will teach new members rocket safety
- All team members will be taught about the hazards that rocketry presents and how to deal with them ex: fires, ballistic rockets, and environmental dangers
- Written Safety Statement
- Team members will read emails sent out to the team Google group
- During a launch, mentors/adult supervisors will make sure the launch area is clear and that all team members are watching carefully
- All hazardous materials like motors and black powder will be put into the rocket by a mentor
- Each launch will have a countdown as instructed by NAR safety codes
- Each launch will have at least two B-C Fire Extinguishers within arm's reach of designated team members during pre-launch prep and at launch

SAFETY DOCUMENTATION

Proper usage of hazardous materials will be used always when they are being handled including wearing the needed PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) like goggles, gloves, and long pants.

While cutting fiberglass the dust that comes off can imbed itself in your skin, or can be breathed in, which isn't fun, it also has a chance to cause cancer, so make sure that we are wearing long clothes and goggles during cutting.

All construction of the rocket will be closely watched over by a mentor who will make sure that the team member building it is using the proper protection and tools.

NASA SLI PDR, 2016-2017

CHECKLIST OF FINAL ASSEMBLY AND LAUNCH PROCEDURES

FINAL ASSEMBLY

- ✓ Ensure PPE is worn as necessary. Face masks, gloves, and other skin protection while handling launch equipment.
- Check redundancy of safety systems, i.e. parachute deployment charges, motor ignition.
- ✓ Check structural integrity of fins, cone, and body.
- ✓ Check motor integrity and charge delay.
- ✓ Ensure payload is properly situated in rocket and ready for launch.
- ✓ Ensure parachutes are properly attached.
- ✓ Check fireproof wadding and adjust as needed.

LAUNCH

- Pick a launch site as far away from power lines, trees, and buildings as possible so it is easier to recover the rocket
- Place the launch pad in the center of the area on firm stable ground and keep spectators at least 30 feet back
- Make sure that the launch pad, controller, and rocket engine have no defects or damages
- Insert the wadding and the recovery system into the rocket from the top, install the igniter into the engine then put the engine in the engine mount
- ✓ Get back a safe distance and use the launch key then start a countdown, when you say zero hit the button
- If the rocket does not launch when pressed wait at least a minute before going up to it

MSDS INFORMATION

Many materials solvents and adhesives will be use in the construction of our rocket. The MSDS Sheets will be compiled and maintained in a Safety Binder by the Safety Officer for each material used in the construction of our rocket. This Safety Binder will be present at each construction event and each launch. The MSDS for relevant items are included here for reference only and are not deemed to be the complete MSDS sheet as will be maintained in our Safety Binder.

AEROTECH MSDS

AeroTech Division, RCS Rocket Motor Components, Inc.

Material Safety Data Sheet & Emergency Response Information

Prepared in accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (g)

Section 1. Product Identification

Model rocket motor, high power rocket motor, hobby rocket motor, composite rocket motor, rocket motor kit, rocket motor reloading kit, containing varying amounts of solid propellant with the trade names White Lightning[™], Blue Thunder[™], Black Jack[™], Black Max[™], Redline[™], Warp-9[™] or Mojave Green[™]. These products contain varying percentages of Ammonium Perchlorate, Strontium and/or Barium Nitrate dispersed in synthetic rubber with lesser amounts of proprietary ingredients such as burn rate modifiers and metal fuels. Rocket motor ejection charges contain black powder.

Section 2. Physical Characteristics

Black plastic cylinders or bags with various colored parts, little or no odor

Section 3. Physical Hazards

Rocket motors and reload kits are flammable; rocket motors may become propulsive in a fire. All propellants give off varying amounts of Hydrogen Chloride and Carbon Monoxide gas when burned, Mojave Green propellant also produces Barium Chloride.

Section 4. Health Hazards

Propellant is an irritant in the case of skin and eye contact, may be extremely hazardous in the case of ingestion, and may be toxic to kidneys, lungs and the nervous system. Symptoms include respiratory irritation, skin irritation, muscle tightness, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, muscular tremors, weakness, labored breathing, irregular heartbeat, and convulsions. Inhalation of large amounts of combustion products may produce similar but lesser symptoms as ingestion.

Section 5. Primary Routes of Entry

Skin contact, ingestion, and inhalation.

AeroTech Division, RCS Rocket Motor Components, Inc.

Material Safety Data Sheet & Emergency Response Information

Prepared in accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (g)

Section 1. Product Identification

Copperhead[™] igniter, FirstFire[™] igniter, FirstFire Jr.[™] igniter. These products contain varying percentages of Ammonium or Potassium Perchlorate, carbon black and carbon fibers dispersed in a flammable binder with lesser amounts of proprietary ingredients such as burn rate modifiers and a metal fuel.

Section 2. Physical Characteristics

Narrow copper foil strips or yellow wires coated with a small amount of black igniter composition on one end, little or no odor

Section 3. Physical Hazards

Igniters are flammable and may give off varying amounts of Hydrogen Chloride and Carbon Monoxide gas, soot and carbon fibers when burned.

Section 4. Health Hazards

Igniter coating may be hazardous in the case of ingestion, and may be toxic to kidneys, lungs and the nervous system. Symptoms may include respiratory irritation, skin irritation, muscle tightness, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, muscular tremors, weakness, labored breathing, irregular heartbeat, and convulsions. Inhalation of large amounts of combustion products may produce similar but lesser symptoms as ingestion.

Section 5. Primary Routes of Entry

Ingestion, inhalation.

Section 6. Permitted Exposure Limits

None established for manufactured product.

EPOXY MSDS

312-243-0000 las	312-243-4670 er	nall: Info@glenmarc	.com www.glen	marc.com	
Date 04/01/2014 Section 1 PRODU MANUFACTUREF Sienmarc Industri 2001 S. Blue Islan Chicago IL 60608	JCT INFORMATION ₹ es inc. id Ave.	Ма і	Emergency Ph 800-255-3924 Chemtel Non-emergenc 800-323-5350	Sheet one: y Phone:	
Proper Shipping N	lame: Plastic	Material Liquid NO	I		
PRODUCT NAME Rocket Poxy Chemical Family: IAZARD RATING Fire: 1 Iealth: 2 Reactivity: 0	£ \$5:				
Section II PRODU	JCT/COMPOSITIO	NN			
No. Component P Enory resin bar	sed mixture	CAS#	%(op	tional)	
Triphenyl Phos	phite (tertai/s) regulated a	101-02-0 Is dust bazard, disce	<15% <15%	6 rd from if dust is recreated anomortate respiratory and/or	
explosion precauti	ions must still be us	ed.		a non n'addi o resicaica, appropriate respiratory anator	
Section III HAZAR	D STATUS				
Chemical listed as arcinogenic	s carcinogen or pote	ntial carcinogen in N	ITP, IARC or OSH	A 1910(z): This material is neither carcinogenic or polentia	ally
Occupational Exp OSHA limits have	osure limits not been establishe	ed for this product			
CGIH limits have	e not been establish	ed for this product			
Section IV REGUL	ATORY STATUS				
A. CA Saf This product may B. CERCL Releases exceedi	e drinking water & t contain traces of or A 40 CFR 302 ng the reportable qu	oxic enforcement ac other prop 65 listed Jantity must be repo	t of 1986. chemicals as impu rted to the national	rtlies. However, none are listed as ingredients. response center (800)424-8802	
	ed or required for thi	s product			
C. OSHA 2	29 CFR 1910	e product.			
C. OSHA 2 C. OSHA 2 According to OSH	29 CFR 1910 IA criteria, the folio	wing components ar	e hazardous:	for all	
C. OSHA 2 C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bar	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture	wing components ar CAS# NA	e hazardous: %(op <100%	tional)	
C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bar I Triphenyl Phosy	29 CFR 1910 IA criteria, the folio sed mixture phite	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15%	tional)	
C. OSHA 2 According to OSH to. Component Epoxy resin bar Triphenyl Phos D. RCRA Not a hazardous y	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 waste by RCRA crite	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 rtta (40CFR261.20.2	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15%	tional)	
C Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bai D Epoxy resin bai D RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs)	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 vaste by RCRA crite 19 UI 52 CFR 133 TPQ/Ibs)	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 rila (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% !4) 313 CAT.	tional) 311/312	
CO NOT establisher C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component ² Epoxy resin bas I. Triphenyi Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T VO. RQ (Ibs) (*1)	29 CFR 1910 IA criteria, the folio sed mixture phile 40 CFR 261 waste by RCRA crite the III 52 CFR 133 TPQ(Ib6) (*2)	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 rtla (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 (*3)	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% /4) 313 CAT. ("4)	tional) 311/312 (*5)	
CQ NOT establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component ² Epoxy resin bai 1 Triphenyi Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) ("1) ² NONE	29 CFR 1910 IA criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 vasile by RCRA crite title III 52 CFR 133 TPQ(Ib6) (*2) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 #fa (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 (3) NOT LISTED	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% 24) 313 CAT. (*4) NONE	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1	
CQ NOT establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bai 1 Triphenyl Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (IDS) (*1) P NONE NONE Dher SARA subsi 2	29 CFR 1910 14 ortheria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 10 CFR 26	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 xrta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED all below the de mi	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% 24) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE Inimus concentratic	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 H1	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bai 1 Triphenyl Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) ('1) P NONE NONE NONE Dher SARA subs 1 – Reportable qu	29 CFR 1910 14 ortheria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 26	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 erta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED a Il below the de mi hazardoussubstano	e hazardous: %(op <10% <15% /4) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE nimus concentratio es sec 302	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 H1 Nns	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bai 1 Triphenyl Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) ('1) P NONE NONE NONE 1 - Reportable qu 2 - Threshold pla - Torkehold pla - Torkehold pla - Torkehold pla	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 waste by RCRA crite 10 UFR 261 40 CFR 261 10 UFR 261 40 CFR 261 10 UFR 261	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 erta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED all below the de mi hazardoussubstanc mely hazardous sub	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% /4) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE nONE nimus concentratio es sec 302 ostance, sec 302	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 H1 ns	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bas I Triphenyl Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) ('1) P NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE Dther SARA subsi 1 - Reportable qu 2- Threshold plan 3- Toxic chemica	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 waste by RCRA crite 10 UFR 261 40 CFR 261 10 UFR 261 10 UFR 261 NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED ances if present an uantity of extremely nning quantity, extra al, sec 313 (Individu) invertiory form cate	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 erta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NO	e hazardous: %(op <100% <15% /4) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE NONE Inimus concentratio es sec 302 ostance, sec 302 ("7 372.65 C)	311/312 (*5) H1 H1 H1	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component P Epoxy resin bas I Triphenyl Phosy D. RCRA Not a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) (°1) P NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE Dther SARA subs ³ 1 - Reportable qu 2 - Threshold plai 3 - Toxic chemica 4 - Toxic chemica 5 - Hazard catego	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 17 PQ(Ib6) ('2) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED nong quantity, extra a, sec 313 (individu inventory from cate ory for SARA sec 33 Nor SARA	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 erta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED all below the de mi hazardoussubstano emely hazardous sub al chemical listed) 1/312 reporting	e hazardous: <pre>%(op <10% <15% </pre> 313 CAT. ("4) NONE N	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 ns	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component 2 Epoxy resin bas 1 Triphenyi Phosy No. RQ (Ibs) (*1) 2 NONE 2 Threshold plai 3 Toxic release 5 Hazard calegy 11 - Immed (acute 5 Hazard (acute)	29 CFR 1910 1A criteria, the folio sed mixture phite 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 10 CFR 26	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 erta (40CFR25120.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED all below the de mi hazardoussubstano rmely hazardous sub al chemical listed) gory sec 313 (40 CF 1/312 reporting - Delayed (chronic) f	e hazardous: %(op <10% <15% 4) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE NORE NO	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 Phi Fire Hazard P4- Sudden pressure release hazard P5-	
CQ Not establishe C. OSHA 2 According to OSH No. Component 2 Epoxy resin bai 1 Triphenyi Phosy 10 a hazardous v E. SARA T NO. RQ (Ibs) (*1) 2 NONE Dther SARA subsi 1 - Reportable qu 2 - Threshold plat 3 - Toxic released 5 - Hazard catego 11 - Immed (acuts Reactive hazard. F. TSCA 4	29 CFR 1910 14 criteria, the folio sed mixture phile 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 40 CFR 261 11 E III. 52 CFR 133 TPQ(ID6) ("2) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED anose if present an uantity of extremely ning quantity, extra al, see 313 (individue inventory form cate og for SARA sec 33 e) health hazard H2 44 CFR59764	wing components ar CAS# NA 101-02-0 enta (40CFR261.20.2 78, 52 CFR 21152 SEC.313 ('3) NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED NOT LISTED all below the de mi hazardoussubslano: mely hazardous sub al chemical listed) gory sec 313 (40) Spory sec 313 (40) pory sec 313 (40) port sec 313 (40) p	e hazardous: %(op <10% <15% 4) 313 CAT. ("4) NONE NONE NONE inimus concentratio es sec 302 stance, sec 302 iri 372.65 C) nealth hazard. P3-	tional) 311/312 (*5) H1 H1 ms	

ACETONE MSDS



P.O. Box 864 • 135 Redstone Street Southington, CT 06489 U.S.A

Toll Free: (800)-4-midsun (U.S.A. only) (860) 378-0100 • (860) 378-0103 (Fax) www.midsungroup.com

Acetone Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

MANUFACTURER'S CONTACT INFORMATION:

Sunoco, Inc. (R&M) 1735 Market Street LL Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-7583 EMERGENCY Sunoco: (800) 964-8861 Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 Product Safety: (610) 859-1120

I. Product Identification			
Trade Name	Acetone		
Product Use	Chemical Intermediate		

II. Hazardous Ingredients of Material							
Components	Amount (Vol. %) CAS No		ACGIH TLV				
Acetone	100 67-64-1		-				
Exposure Limits (See Section VI for additional Exposure Limits)							
Governing Body CAS No. Exposure Li			Exposure Limits				
ACGIH	67-64-1		STEL 750 ppm				
ACGIH 67-64-1 TWA 500 ppm							
OSHA 67-64-1 TWA 1,000 ppm							
Emergency Overview:							
Danger! Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Harmful if inhaled. Vapor							
annumber times many annual dependences. Course ship and an imitation. ITempfel if annullanced Many annual tempt							

concentrations may cause drowsiness. Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause target organ or system damage to the following: Eye, skin, respiratory system, central nervous system.

HAZARD RATINGS

Key: 0 = Least 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme

	Health	Fire	Reactivity	PPI
NFPA	1	3	0	
HMIS	1	3	0	X

III. Physical/Chemical Data			
Appearance & Odor	Colorless liquid		
Boiling Point	133° F		
Melting Point	-137.2° F		
Specific Gravity	0.79		
Molecular Weight g/mole	58.08		
pH	7		
Odor	Sweet, pungent		
Odor Threshold	62 ppm		
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @20° C)	181		
Solubility in Water	Complete		
Volatile (wt %)	100%		

Acetone MSDS Page 1 of 1 Rev. 01/25/06

REACT-A-PACK MSDS

							_
1 1 2 -	ND INDUS	FRIES, INC.	PRO	DUCT: 210	React-A-P	ack Single U	se Epoxy
3	TROY, MIC	HIGAN 48084	MSD	SID: ND1	114		
I ⊾ ₹ "	(248) 288-00	00 Fax: (248) 288-0	0022 ORIG. 0	ATE: 4-04	1-95		
	24 hr. EME	RGENCY CHEMT	REC: REV. D	ATE: 7/5	/06		
INDUSTR	IES ¹⁻⁸⁰⁰⁻⁴²⁴	-9300	REV. I	DATE: 12/	23/08 PI	EPARED BY: (hemical Safety
SECTION I -Mat	terial Identificatio	n and Information	on H:3		F: 1	R: 0	PPEC
COMP	ONENTS		CAS #	PERCENT %	OSHA PEL	ACGEH TLV	OTHER LIMITS RECOMMENDED
Epoxy Side:							
Bisphenol A Epoxy Re	sin (modified)	RP-00-05	proprietary	50-100	n.e.	n.e.	
Hardener Side:							
Epoxy curing agent		RP-00-415		90-100			
Nonvinhenol ·	>30% of mixture		25154-52-3		n.e.	n.e.	
Aminoethyl Pip	erazine- <50% mixtur	e	140-31-8		n.e.	n.e.	
The remaining compo	nents of this product a	are					
helow reportable leve	tous substances or are Is under OSHA's Haza	e nd					
Communication Stand	ard (29 CFR 1910.120	0)					
	•						
All incredients	are listed on the T	SCA Inventory		$\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} = \mathbf{n}$	t annlicable	/ n e =not es	tablished
Airing coloria	are instear on the ra	Jox Intendry.		ing.= in		/ 11.6.=1100 65	cabristica
SECTION II -P	hysical and Chem	ical Characterist	ics				
BOILING POINT	r: appro	к. >200°С		Moc			
VAPOR DENSIT	Y: n.e.	air = 1		VOC	#/US gal. :		
VAPOR PRESS	URE: n.e.			DENSITY	OF COATIN	G:	
MELTING POIN	T: n.a.						
SPECIFIC GRA	VITY: 1.17	water =	1				
EVAPORATION	RATE: neoli	nible	-				
WATER REACT	WE No	gione					
SOLUBILITYINW	ATER: slight						
APPEARANCE AND	DODOR: Clear	or opaque sealed pla lucent material, obse	astic pack with	two discern packs. Slight	ible areas of I t acridic order	ight and dark a when nack is d	mber
	ualis	lucent material, ouse	Indule III deal	pacio. Silgi	it dorynic oddr	when pack is t	peneu.
SECTION III -	Fire and Explosion	on Hazard Data					
FLASH POINT	: 101°C	closed cup					
AUTOIGNIT	ION TEMPERATURE	not determined					
FLAMMABILI	TY LIMITS % IN AI	R: LEL: not determ	nined	UEL: I	not determine	d	
EXTINGUISHER MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam							
EXTINGUISH							
EXTINGUISH			and the second second		and the state of	14.1	demand and a
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL	Wear a self-containe	d breathing apparate	us with full fac	e piece oper	ated in the po	sitive pressure	demand mode
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur	ad breathing apparat nout gear and chemi	us with full fac ical resistant pe	e piece oper irsonal prot	ated in the po active equipm	sitive pressure ient.	demand mode
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur	ad breathing apparats nout gear and chemi	us with full fac cal resistant pe	e piece oper irsonal prot	ated in the po active equipm	ositive pressure ient.	demand mode
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur	ad breathing apparate nout gear and chemi	us with full face ical resistant pe	e piece oper rsonal prot	ated in the po active equipm	sitive pressure ient.	demand mode
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur Water or foam used threaten life. Contact	ed breathing apparate nout gear and chemi as an extinguishing r t of liquid with skin r	us with full fac ical resistant pe media may cau	e piece oper rsonal prot se violent fr ted. Person	ated in the po active equipm othing which	sitive pressure ient. can be violent: and downwind	and may further
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur Water or foam used threaten life. Contac evacuated.	ed breathing apparate nout gear and chemi as an extinguishing i t of liquid with skin n	us with full fac cal resistant pe media may cau nust be preven	e piece oper risonal prot se violent fr ted. Person	ated in the po active equipm othing which nel in vicinity	sitive pressure ient. can be violent and downwind	demand mode and may further I should be
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur Water or foarn used threaten life. Contac evacuated.	ed breathing apparate nout gear and chemi as an extinguishing i t of liquid with skin n	us with full fac ical resistant pe media may cau nust be preven	e piece oper risonal prot se violent fr ted. Person	ated in the po active equipm othing which nel in vicinity	sitive pressure ent. can be violent: and downwind	demand mode and may further I should be
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur Water or foarn used threaten life. Contac evacuated.	ed breathing apparate nout gear and chemi as an extinguishing i t of liquid with skin n	us with full fac ical resistant pe media may cau must be preven	e piece oper rsonal prot se violent fr ted. Person	ated in the po active equipm othing which nel in vicinity	sitive pressure ent. can be violent and downwind	demand mode and may further I should be
EXTINGUISH SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Wear a self-containe with appropriate tur Water or foarn used threaten life. Contac evacuated.	ed breathing apparate nout gear and chemi as an extinguishing i t of liquid with skin n	us with full fao ical resistant pe media may cau nust be preven	e piece oper rsonal prol se violent fr ted. Person	ated in the po active equipm othing which nel in vicinity	sitive pressure rent. can be violent and downwind	and may further I should be

CESARONI MOTORS MSDS

SDS – Pro-X® Rocket Motor Reload Kits

Page 1/7

Pro-X

Version 4.00 Revision Date: 2015-08-01

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro-X[®] Rocket Motor Reload Kits & Fuel Grains

1.0 PRODUCT / COMPANY IDE	NTIFICATION			
Product Name: Synonyms: Part Numbers:	Pro24, Pro29, Pro3 Rocket Motor, Hob Reload kits:	Pro24, Pro29, Pro38, Pro54, Pro75, and Pro98 Rocket Motor Reload Kits Rocket Motor, Hobby Rocket Motor, HPR Reload Kit Reload kits: P24R-Y#G-XX, P29R-Y#G-XX, P38R-Y#G-XX, P54R-Y#G-XX, P24R-Y#GXL-XX, P29R-Y#GXL-XX,		
	Propellant grains:	PSAC-PG-XX, PSAC-PG-XX, PSAAC-MB-PG-XX Where: Y - reload type (A = adjustable delay, C = C-slot) # = number of grains & XX = propellant type		
Product Use:	Solid fuel motor for	propelling hobby rockets		
Manufacturer / Supplier:	Cesaroni Technolo P.O. Box 246 2561 Stouffville Rd Gormley, Ont. Canada LDH 10	gy Inc. :0		
Telephone Numbers: Product Information: 24 Hour Emergency Telephy	one Number:	Tel: +1-905-887-2370 Fax: +1-905-887-2375 Tel: +1-613-996-6666 (CANUTEC)		
2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION				
Signai Word, warning Gris Pic		nazaro statement. nzo4 nie or projecuor nazaro		
Precautionary Statements P210 Keep away fr P250 Do not subje P370+P380 in case of fir P372 Explosion ris P373 DO NOT figh P401 Store in acco P501 Dispose of in	rom heat/sparks/op ct to grinding/shoc e: Evacuate Area. ik in case of fire. t fire when fire rea ordance with locatio n accordance with 1	en flames/hot surfaces. No smoking Avfriction. Shes explosives. regional/national regulations. ocal/regional/national regulations.		
Emergency Overview: There articles contain cylinder The forward closure also cont as explosives, and may cause and must be handled carefully experienced personnel in acc Inhaling exhaust products. General Appearance: Cardboard tubes contain varie (rocket fuel). The forward closure Potential Health Effects: Eye: Not a likely route of exposu- Skin: Not a likely route of exposu- lingeation:	rs of ammonium per tains a few grams of e serious injury, inci y and used following ordance with all app ous plastic parts. In sure also contains a ure. May cause eye ure. Low hazard for	chlorate composite propellant, encased in inert plastic parts. black powder. ProX Rocket motor reload kits are classified uling death if used improperty. All explosives are dangerous approved safety procedures under the direction of competent, licable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Avoid side the plastic tube are cylinders of composite propellant small quantity of black powder. All parts are odourless solids. Irritation. usual industrial/hobby handling.		
myrouvii.				

MSDS – ProX Rocket Motor Reload Kits

Page 1/6

Version 2.02 Revision Date: 8 Feb 2010

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ProX Rocket Motor Reload Kits & Fuel Grains

1.0 PRODUCT / COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Synonyms: Proper Shipping Name: Part Numbers:	Pro29, Pro38, Pro5- Rocket Motor Articles, Explosive, Reload kits: Propellant grains:	4, Pro75, and Pro N.O.S. (Ammoniu P29R-Y+#G-XX, P29R-Y+#GXX, P75AC-PG-XX, Where: Y = re # = nu XX = f	98 Rocket Motor Reload Kits Im Perchiorate) P38R-Y-#G-XX, P54R-Y-#G-XX, X, P38R-Y-#GXL-XX, P54R-Y-#GXL-XX, P98AC-PG-XX, P98AC-MB-PG-XX load type (A = adjustable delay, C = C-slot) mber of grains & propellant type
Product Use:	Solid fuel motor for	propelling rockets	i
Manufacturer:	Cesaroni Technolog P.O. Box 246 2561 Stouffville Rd. Gormiey, Ont. Canada LDH 1G	jy inc.	
Telephone Numbers: Product information: 24 Hour Emergency Telepho	one Number:	- 1-905-887-2370 1-613-996-6666	(CANUTEC)

2.0 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Propellant		
Ingredient Name	CAS Number	Percentage
Ammonium Perchiorate Metal Powders Synthetic Rubber	7790-98-9	40-85 % 1-45 % 10-30 %
Black Powder Ignition pellet		
Ingredient Name	CAS Number	Percentage
Potassium Nitrate Charcoal	7757-79-1 n/a	70-76 % 8-18 %
Sulphur	7704-34-9 7782-42-5	9-20 % trace

3.0 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: There articles contain cylinders of ammonium perchiorate composite propeilant, encased in inert plastic parts. The forward closure also contains a few grams of black powder. ProX Rocket motor reload kits are classified as explosives, and may cause serious injury, including death if used improperty. All explosives are dangerous and must be handled carefully and used following approved safety procedures under the direction of competent, experienced personnel in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Avoid inhaling exhaust products.

FIBERGLASS MSDS



Prepared: 25 February, 1997

Page: 1 of 11

MSDS No.:15-MSD-21555

http://web.mit.edu/rocketteam/www/usli/MSDS/Fiberglass%20(differnt%20supplier).pdf

MAGNETS MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS)

<u>Warning</u> strong magnets can affect the operation of pace makers do not handle, seek medical advice.

SECTION 1- Product Identity

Company Name:Ican Company Address: 2151 Louie drive, P.O.box 32036 west kelowna BC V4T3G2 Product Name: Nd-Fe-B Rare Earth Neodymium Magnet

SECTION 2 - INGREDIENTS

Nd: 27-31%, Dy-Tb: 1.5-3.5% Al: 0.1-0.8% B: 1.0-1.2% Fe: 61.5-66.8% Nb: 0.3-1.4% Co: 1.0-3.5% Cu: 0.1-0.3%

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point: N/A Vapor Pressure: (mm Hg.): N/A Vapor Density: (air = 1): N/A Solubility in Water: Not soluble Appearance: As ground, silver-gray, as sintered, matte black Specific Gravity: 7.4 Melting Point: Above 2500o F Evaporation Rate: N/A Odor: No odor

SECTION - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: N/A FLAMMABLE LIMITS: N/A LEL: N/A UEL: N/A Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical or sand Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not use water on smoldering, burning powder.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD(S): Dry powders of neodymium magnets will oxidize, smolder, and burn in

BLACK POWDER MSDS



Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS-BP)

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION			
Product Name	BLACK POWDER		
Trade Names and Synonyms	N/A		
Manufacturer/Distributor	GOEX, Inc. (Doyline, LA) & various international sources		
Transportation Emergency	800-255-3924 (24 hrs — CHEM • TEL)		

PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS IN THE USE OF EXPLOSIVES

The prevention of accidents in the use of explosives is a result of careful planning and observance of the best known practices. The explosives user must remember that he is dealing with a powerful force and that various devices and methods have been developed to assist him in directing this force. He should realize that this force, if misdirected, may either kill or injure both him and his fellow workers.



All explosives are dangerous and must be carefully handled and used following approved safety procedures either by or under the direction of competent, experienced persons in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, or ordinances. If you have any questions or doubts as to how to use any explosive product, DO NOT USE IT before consulting with your supervisor, or the manufacturer, if you do not have a supervisor. If your supervisor has any questions or doubts, he should consult the manufacturer before use.

MSDS-BP

PAGE 1

Issued 12/08/93 Revised 12/12/05

BATTERIES MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET LEAD ACID BATTERY WET, FILLED WITH

ACID

(US, CN, EU Version for International Trade)

SECTION 1: PRODUCT	AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
PRODUCT NAME: OTHER PRODUCT NAMES:	Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled Wit Electric Storage Battery, SLI or Ind	Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid Electric Storage Battery, SLI or Industrial Battery, UN2794		
MANUFACTURER: DIVISION: ADDRESS:	East Penn Manufacturing Company Deka Road Lyon Station, PA 19536 USA	enn Manufacturing Company, Inc. Ioad tation, PA 19536 USA		
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:		US: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 CN: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Outside US: 1-703-527-3887		
NON-EMERGENCY HE	NON-EMERGENCY HEALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION: 1-610-682-6361			
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	This product is a wet lead type lead acid battery typ	This product is a wet lead acid storage battery. May also include gel/absorbed electrolyte type lead acid battery types.		
PRODUCT USE:	Industrial/Commercial ele	ectrical storage batteries.		

This product is considered a Hazardous Substance, Preparation or Article that is regulated under US-OSHA; CAN-WHMIS; IOSH; ISO; UK-CHIP; or EU Directives (67/548/EEC-Dangerous Substance Labelling, 98/24/EC-Chemical Agents at Work, 99/45/EC-Preparation Labelling, 2001/58/EC-MSDS Content, and 1907/2006/EC-REACH), and an MSDS/SDS is required for this product considering that when used as recommended or intended, or under ordinary conditions, it may present a health and epith expression or other bazard and safety exposure or other hazard.

Additional Information This product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or extreme temperature or the product may not be compatible with all environments, such as those containing liquid solvents or use the product labeling. pressure. Please request information if considering use under extreme conditions or use beyond current product labelling.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION				
GHS Classification:				
Health	Environmental	Physical		
Acute Toxicity – Not listed (NL)	Aquatic Toxicity – NL	NFPA – Flammable gas, hydrogen (during		
Eye Corrosion – Corrosive*		charging)		
Skin Corrosion – Corrosive*		CN - NL		
Skin Sensitization – NL		EU - NL		
Mutagenicity/Carcinogenicity – NL				
Reproductive/Developmental – NL				
Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated) - NL				
for culturin poid		-		

GHS Label: Lead Acid Battery, Wet

Symbols: C (Corrosive)			
Hazard Statements Contact with internal components may cause irritation of severe burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin.		Precautionary Statements Keep out of reach of children. Keep containers tightly closed. Avoid heat, sparks, and open flame while charging batteries. Avoid contact with internal acid.	
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:	May form explosive air/gas mixture during charging. Contact with internal components may cause irritation or severe burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin. Prolonged inhalation or ingestion may result in serious damage to health. Pregnant		
PAGE 1 OF 8		East Penn Manufacturing Co., Inc.	



Material/Product Safety Data Sheet (MSDS-PSDS)

MP/VL p	reducta	Rectargeable Stitum-Ion single cells and multi-cell battery packs			mpified Advice Code		
Revia Dete Ol	kon 3 1/2005					G	
1. Identifion	tion of the Si	ubstance or Pr	everation and t	Company			
Pre	duct		R	echarges bis	i Ebium-k		
			ajrano aingle cei	nce: and muit	-seli batt	ery paola	
Produc	tice alter	Seft Am	urica inc.		Due Co	Seft	
		Ved	68711 201991. 688			BP 1039	
		North Can	olina 20590		80060	Politice codex 9	
		Tel. No. +1	688. (626) 674 4111		+55	HONNE 1015 48 55 48 48	
		Fair No. +1	(828) 674 2431		+38	(0)6 49 66 48 60	
Emerge Within th	ney contacta ne USA	+1 () +1 ()	703) 627 9667 500) 424 9300		(CHEMIT	EC US Service Center)	
2. Composit	ion & infern	allon on ingre	denta				
Each ceil cor materiale cif	points of an hi construction o	emetically easily a which the folic	id metallo contr wing could pote	liner contain ntially be ha	ng a numi andoue uj	cer of chemicale and con release.	
Ingradient	Ço	ment	CAS No.		CHIP (institution	
Liithium matei	(in spite of th butteries d any Pite	Q air naros, Anna Io sol contain Iom matal)					
LICoO ₂ (Lithium cob eitie)	-	20%	12180-78-1			R22, R43 82, 522, 524, 526, 536, 837, 845	
Organic ectronia	EA (Ellin EC (Elliny DMC (DMM (Stalling Pal EC: +39°C	13% yl Acelaio) (Cericonato) thyl Carlsonato) nis: EA: -64°C; DMC: +4°C)	141-78-8 98-49-1 616-38-6	8	×	R21, R22, R41, R42, R43 82, 824, 826, 836, 837, 845	
LIPFe (Lithium headfuaro phosphato)	•	1%		*	×	R14, R21, R22, R4, R43 82, 88, 822, 824, 828, 836, 837, 845	
Cerbon (C _e)		18%	1338-86-4			NONE KNOWN	
	Amount	undus depende	in on cell stre				

NBDS Li-lon Nev. 3 June 2006

SAWS MSDS

LENOX

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LENOX[®] Saw Blades

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION

Manufacturer's Name: Lenox Tools Address: 301 Chestnut Street East Longmeadow, MA 01028-0504 Product Name: Lenox Saw Blades Chemical Name and Synonyms: Carbon Steel Alloy Steel High Speed Steel Carbide

Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-642-0010 MSDS Date: October 11, 2012 Chemical Family: Steel; Refractory Metal Carbide Formula: Metal and Carbide Materials, see Section 2 below

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Lenox saw biades are manufactured from metais into solid, stable and inert biades, and are coaled with a water-based paint(s). Under normal sawing conditions, the saw biades are considered to be articles in that they do not release more than very small quantities of hazardous chemicals and do not cause physical or health hazards as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Hazardous chemicals may be released if the blades are welded, cut, grinded, melted or otherwise physically altered.

This MSDS was prepared to address the potential for exposure to dust and/or furme generated from the saw blade. Beyond the scope of this MSDS, the material being cut may contain hazardous chemicals and therefore needs to be evaluated with effective controls instituted to prevent exposure.

The actual composition of the saw blades varies depending on the type of saw blade and the grade of steel it is made from each blade may contain any of the following ingredients:

Not Estable

0.1

15

1 (as metal)

5 Celling 15 (Insoluble)

Not Established

shed

SAW BLADE METAL COMPONENTS:

INGREDIENT	MAX %	CAS NUMBER	
Carbon	<2	7440-44-0	
Chromium	<5	7440-47-3	
Cobalt	<9	7440-48-4	
Iron	<90	7439-89-6	
Manganese	<2	7439-96-5	
Molybdenum	<10	7439-98-7	
Nickel	<2	7440-02-0	
Silicon	<2	7440-21-3	
Tungsten	<7	7440-33-7	
Vanadum	<3	7440-62-2	

OSHA PEL (mg/M3) 2006 ACGIH TLV* (mg/M3) Not Established 0.5 0.02 10 (as oxide fume) 5 (as oxide dust or fume) 0.2 10 (Insoluble) 1.5 (elemental) 10 5-TWA; 10-STEL (metal) 0.5 Celling, respirable 0.05 (as oxide)

The metal alloy may also contain less than one percent of sulfur, phosphorous, aluminum, copper, tin, calcium antimony, niobium, and arsenic.

1Occupational exposure limits are Time Weighted Average (TWA) values unless otherwise noted, and Total Particulate (OSHA) unless otherwise noted.

OBEYING FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS

All team members and mentors will act responsibly and will build the rocket and payload following all applicable laws.

All team members and mentors will also make sure to minimize any disturbances to the environment

All waste that we can recover will be disposed of properly and we will try our hardest to locate and safely recover any parts of the rocket that drifted away

Each team member will agree, by signature and date, to adhere to the following safety codes in Team Safety and Procedure Adherence Contract.

HIGH POWER ROCKET SAFETY CODE, EFFECTIVE AUGUST 2012

- 1. Certification. I will only fly high power rockets or possess high power rocket motors that are within the scope of my user certification and required licensing.
- 2. Materials. I will use only lightweight materials such as paper, wood, rubber, plastic, fiberglass, or when necessary ductile metal, for the construction of my rocket.
- 3. Motors. I will use only certified, commercially made rocket motors, and will not tamper with these motors or use them for any purposes except those recommended by the manufacturer. I will not allow smoking, open flames, nor heat sources within 25 feet of these motors.
- 4. Ignition System. I will launch my rockets with an electrical launch system, and with electrical motor igniters that are installed in the motor only after my rocket is at the launch pad or in a designated prepping area. My launch system will have a safety interlock that is in series with the launch switch that is not installed until my rocket is ready for launch, and will use a launch switch that returns to the "off" position when released. The function of onboard energetics and firing circuits will be inhibited except when my rocket is in the launching position.
- 5. Misfires. If my rocket does not launch when I press the button of my electrical launch system, I will remove the launcher's safety interlock or disconnect its battery, and will wait 60 seconds after the last launch attempt before allowing anyone to approach the rocket.
- 6. Launch Safety. I will use a 5-second countdown before launch. I will ensure that a means is available to warn participants and spectators in the event of a problem. I will ensure that no person is closer to the launch pad than allowed by the accompanying Minimum Distance Table. When arming onboard energetics and firing circuits I will ensure that no person is at the pad except safety personnel and those required for arming and disarming operations. I will check

the stability of my rocket before flight and will not fly it if it cannot be determined to be stable. When conducting a simultaneous launch of more than one high power rocket I will observe the additional requirements of NFPA 1127.

- 7. Launcher. I will launch my rocket from a stable device that provides rigid guidance until the rocket has attained a speed that ensures a stable flight, and that is pointed to within 20 degrees of vertical. If the wind speed exceeds 5 miles per hour I will use a launcher length that permits the rocket to attain a safe velocity before separation from the launcher. I will use a blast deflector to prevent the motor's exhaust from hitting the ground. I will ensure that dry grass is cleared around each launch pad in accordance with the accompanying Minimum Distance table, and will increase this distance by a factor of 1.5 and clear that area of all combustible material if the rocket motor being launched uses titanium sponge in the propellant.
- 8. Size. My rocket will not contain any combination of motors that total more than 40,960 N-sec (9208 pound-seconds) of total impulse. My rocket will not weigh more at liftoff than one-third of the certified average thrust of the high power rocket motor(s) intended to be ignited at launch.
- 9. Flight Safety. I will not launch my rocket at targets, into clouds, near airplanes, nor on trajectories that take it directly over the heads of spectators or beyond the boundaries of the launch site, and will not put any flammable or explosive payload in my rocket. I will not launch my rockets if wind speeds exceed 20 miles per hour. I will comply with Federal Aviation Administration airspace regulations when flying, and will ensure that my rocket will not exceed any applicable altitude limit in effect at that launch site.
- 10. Launch Site. I will launch my rocket outdoors, in an open area where trees, power lines, occupied buildings, and persons not involved in the launch do not present a hazard, and that is at least as large on its smallest dimension as one-half of the maximum altitude to which rockets are allowed to be flown at that site or 1500 feet, whichever is greater, or 1000 feet for rockets with a combined total impulse of less than 160 N-sec, a total liftoff weight of less than 1500 grams, and a maximum expected altitude of less than 610 meters (2000 feet).
- 11. Launcher Location. My launcher will be 1500 feet from any occupied building or from any public highway on which traffic flow exceeds 10 vehicles per hour, not including traffic flow related to the launch. It will also be no closer than the appropriate Minimum Personnel Distance from the accompanying table from any boundary of the launch site.
- 12. Recovery System. I will use a recovery system such as a parachute in my rocket so that all parts of my rocket return safely and undamaged and can be flown again, and I will use
- 13. Recovery Safety. I will not attempt to recover my rocket from power lines, tall trees, or other dangerous places, fly it under conditions where it is likely to

recover in spectator areas or outside the launch site, nor attempt to catch it as it approaches the ground.

MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM LAUNCH

Installed Total Impulse (Newton- Seconds)	Equivalent High Power Motor Type	Minimum Diameter of Cleared Area (ft.)	Minimum Personnel Distance (ft.)	Minimum Personnel Distance (Complex Rocket) (ft.)
0 — 320.00	H or smaller	50	100	200
320.01 — 640.00	1	50	100	200
640.01 — 1,280.00	J	50	100	200
1,280.01 — 2,560.00	К	75	200	300
2,560.01 — 5,120.00	L	100	300	500
5,120.01 — 10,240.00	М	125	500	1000
10,240.01 — 20,480.00	Ν	125	1000	1500
20,480.01 — 40,960.00	0	125	1500	2000

FAA 101, SUBPART C— AMATEUR ROCKETS

§101.21 - APPLICABILITY.

(a) This subpart applies to operating unmanned rockets. However, a person operating an unmanned rocket within a restricted area must comply with §101.25(b)(7)(ii) and with any additional limitations imposed by the using or controlling agency.

(b) A person operating an unmanned rocket other than an amateur rocket as defined in §1.1 of this chapter must comply with 14 CFR Chapter III.

From: <u>http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?rgn=div5&node=14:2.0.1.3.15#sp14.2.101.c</u>

[Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 73 FR 73781, Dec. 4, 2008]

§101.22 - DEFINITIONS.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

- (a) Class 1—Model Rocket means an amateur rocket that:
 - (1) Uses no more than 125 grams (4.4 ounces) of propellant;
 - (2) Uses a slow-burning propellant;
 - (3) Is made of paper, wood, or breakable plastic;
 - (4) Contains no substantial metal parts; and

(5) Weighs no more than 1,500 grams (53 ounces), including the propellant.

(b) *Class 2—High-Power Rocket* means an amateur rocket other than a model rocket that is propelled by a motor or motors having a combined total impulse of 40,960 Newton-seconds (9,208 pound-seconds) or less.

(c) *Class 3—Advanced High-Power Rocket* means an amateur rocket other than a model rocket or high-power rocket.

§101.23 - GENERAL OPERATING LIMITATIONS.

(a) You must operate an amateur rocket in such a manner that it:

(1) Is launched on a suborbital trajectory;

(2) When launched, must not cross into the territory of a foreign country unless an agreement is in place between the United States and the country of concern;

- (3) Is unmanned; and
- (4) Does not create a hazard to persons, property, or other aircraft.

(b) The FAA may specify additional operating limitations necessary to ensure that air traffic is not adversely affected, and public safety is not jeopardized.

[Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 73 FR 73781, Dec. 4, 2008]

§101.25 - OPERATING LIMITATIONS FOR CLASS 2-HIGH POWER ROCKETS AND Class 3-Advanced High Power Rockets.

When operating *Class 2-High Power Rockets* or *Class 3-Advanced High Power* Rockets, you must comply with the General Operating Limitations of §101.23. In addition, you must not operate *Class 2-High Power Rockets* or *Class 3-Advanced High Power* Rockets—

(a) At any altitude where clouds or obscuring phenomena of more than five-tenths coverage prevails;

(b) At any altitude where the horizontal visibility is less than five miles;

(c) Into any cloud;

(d) Between sunset and sunrise without prior authorization from the FAA;

(e) Within 9.26 kilometers (5 nautical miles) of any airport boundary without prior authorization from the FAA;

(f) In controlled airspace without prior authorization from the FAA;

(g) Unless you observe the greater of the following separation distances from any person or property that is not associated with the operations:

(1) Not less than one-quarter the maximum expected altitude;

(2) 457 meters (1,500 ft.);

(h) Unless a person at least eighteen years old is present, is charged with ensuring the safety of the operation, and has final approval authority for initiating high-power rocket flight; and

(i) Unless reasonable precautions are provided to report and control a fire caused by rocket activities.

[74 FR 38092, July 31, 2009, as amended by Amdt. 101-8, 74 FR 47435, Sept. 16, 2009]

§101.27 - ATC NOTIFICATION FOR ALL LAUNCHES.

No person may operate an unmanned rocket other than a Class 1—Model Rocket unless that person gives the following information to the FAA ATC facility nearest to the place of intended operation no less than 24 hours before and no more than three days before beginning the operation:

(a) The name and address of the operator; except when there are multiple participants at a single event, the name and address of the person so designated as the event launch coordinator, whose duties include coordination of the required launch data estimates and coordinating the launch event;

- (b) Date and time the activity will begin;
- (c) Radius of the affected area on the ground in nautical miles;
- (d) Location of the center of the affected area in latitude and longitude coordinates;
- (e) Highest affected altitude;
- (f) Duration of the activity;

(g) Any other pertinent information requested by the ATC facility.

[Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 73 FR 73781, Dec. 4, 2008, as amended at Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 74 FR 31843, July 6, 2009]

§101.29 - INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.

(a) *Class 2—High-Power Rockets.* When a Class 2—High-Power Rocket requires a certificate of waiver or authorization, the person planning the operation must provide the information below on each type of rocket to the FAA at least 45 days before the proposed operation. The FAA may request additional information if necessary to ensure the proposed operations can be safely conducted. The information shall include for each type of Class 2 rocket expected to be flown:

- (1) Estimated number of rockets,
- (2) Type of propulsion (liquid or solid), fuel(s) and oxidizer(s),
- (3) Description of the launcher(s) planned to be used, including any airborne platform(s),
- (4) Description of recovery system,
- (5) Highest altitude, above ground level, expected to be reached,
- (6) Launch site latitude, longitude, and elevation, and
- (7) Any additional safety procedures that will be followed.

(b) *Class 3—Advanced High-Power Rockets.* When a Class 3—Advanced High-Power Rocket requires a certificate of waiver or authorization the person planning the operation must provide the information below for each type of rocket to the FAA at least 45 days before the proposed operation. The FAA may request additional information if necessary to ensure the proposed operations can be safely conducted. The information shall include for each type of Class 3 rocket expected to be flown:

(1) The information requirements of paragraph (a) of this section,

(2) Maximum possible range,

(3) The dynamic stability characteristics for the entire flight profile,

(4) A description of all major rocket systems, including structural, pneumatic, propellant, propulsion, ignition, electrical, avionics, recovery, wind-weighting, flight control, and tracking,

(5) A description of other support equipment necessary for a safe operation,

(6) The planned flight profile and sequence of events,

(7) All nominal impact areas, including those for any spent motors and other discarded hardware, within three standard deviations of the mean impact point,

(8) Launch commit criteria,

NASA SLI PDR, 2016-2017

- (9) Countdown procedures, and
- (10) Mishap procedures.

[Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 73 FR 73781, Dec. 4, 2008, as amended at Doc. No. FAA-2007-27390, 74 FR 31843, July 6, 2009]

PROJECT PLAN

Г

Start	End	Action
08/01/16		Project Starts
08/09/16		Initial meetings, team formation
08/15/16		Request for Proposal (RFP) goes out to all teams.
09/30/16		Complete and submit proposal to project office by 4 p.m. CDT, 5 p.m. EDT, 9/30/2016
10/12/16		Awarded proposals announced
10/13/16		Detailed Project Plan Completed
10/13/16		Final Rocket Design Begins
10/14/16		Kickoff and Preliminary Design Review (PDR) Q&A
10/15/16		Web Site Begins
10/31/16		Team web presence established
10/31/16		Preliminary Design Review: PDR reports, presentation slides, and flysheet posted on the team
11/02/16	11/18/16	PDR video teleconferences
11/02/17		Scale Model Construction Begins
11/05/16		Scale Model Initial Launch, Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
11/07/16		Initial Parts ordered for Full Scale Rocket

11/30/16		Critical Design Review (CDR) Q&A
12/03/16		Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
01/07/17		First possible Full Scale Rocket Launch, Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
01/13/17		Critical Design Review: CDR reports, presentation slides, and flysheet posted on the team
01/17/17	01/31/17	CDR video teleconferences
02/04/17		Possible Full Scale Rocket Launch, Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
02/08/17		Flight Readiness Review (FRR) Q&A
03/04/17		Full Scale Rocket Launch, Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
03/06/17		Flight Readiness Review: FRR reports, presentation slides, and flysheet posted to team Website
03/08/17	03/24/17	FRR video teleconferences
04/01/16		Hutto, TX AARG Launch Event
04/05/17		Teams travel to Huntsville, AL
04/05/17		Launch Readiness Reviews (LRR)
04/06/17		LRR's and safety briefing
04/07/17		Rocket Fair and Tours of MSFC
04/08/17		Banquet
04/08/17		Launch Day

04/09/17	Backup launch day
04/24/17	Post-Launch Assessment Review (PLAR) posted on the team Website by 8:00 a.m. Central Time

PRELIMINARY BUDGET/COSTS

- \$2,700 Rocket parts and backups
- \$1,000 Motors and backups
- \$3,500 Airfare to Huntsville
- \$4,000 Hotels after arrival,
- \$1,250 Food while there,
- \$3,000 Payload development and construction,
- \$15,450 Total Estimated project cost.

FUNDING PLAN

- Register DBA "Cedar Park Rocketry Club"
- Apply for non-profit status for Club to encourage donations from corporations
- Meet with Parents to encourage a personal fundraising pledge/match/commitment
- Contact major retailers
 - o Target
 - Home Depot
 - TechShop
 - o Aerotech
 - o Cesaroni
 - o Local Businesses
- Collect donations during "Educational Outreach" events

SUSTAINABILITY PLAN

This program is something that means a lot to us so we've decided to invest in keeping it moving forward and helping it grow for years to come. Rocketry is an amazing experience that is not only fun, but also a great chance to learn and grow. We want our team to help the excitement live on even after the older more experienced members age out and go on to become mentors and team leaders. So we have ensured the sustainability of the rocketry project by adopting younger members that are curious and bright individuals with a passion for rocketry. We also wanted to tell thousands of others about this great experience, so we decided to reach out to facilities, industries, and educational programs they might have younger and older boys and girls alike whom might be interested in rocketry. While we continue to seek out other places in which there might be kids who could show interest in this wonderful program, we've identified contacts to propose outreach events in:

- Local schools; both middle and high school,
- Boy scout troops,
- Cub scout packs,
- Homeschool co-ops and conferences
- Science Fairs